

1.7 Czasowniki modalne – klucz

Uwaga: Poniższe angielskie zdania nie zawsze są jedynymi możliwymi tłumaczeniami polskich zdań z ćwiczeń. W nawiasach umieściliśmy alternatywne słowa lub amerykańskie odpowiedniki brytyjskich słów.

Ćwiczenie 1/4

- 1a. Paul plays tennis very well.
- 1b. Paul can play tennis.
- 2a. Sarah knows German.
- 2b. Sarah could speak German.
- 3a. Andrew wants to be a mechanic.
- 3b. Andrew might (could) be a mechanic.
- 4a. The (This) child prefers toys.
- 4b. The (This) child may (might) prefer toys.
- 5a. This woman lives in the country.
- 5b. This woman must live in the country.
- 6a. This man wants to work.
- 6b. This man must work.
- 7a. Your daughter likes parties.
- 7b. Your daughter should (ought to) study (learn).
- 8a. The boy wants to answer the question.
- 8b. The boy can answer the question.
- 9a. The girl prefers to wear jeans.
- 9b. The girl must prefer to wear jeans.

Ćwiczenie 2/4

- 1a. Does Paul play tennis very well?
- 1b. Can Paul play tennis?
- 2a. Does Sarah know German?
- 2b. Could Sarah speak German?
- 3a. Does Andrew want to be a mechanic?
- 3b. Might (Could) Andrew be a mechanic?
- 4a. Does the (this) child prefer toys?
- 4b. May (Might) the (this) child prefer toys?
- 5a. Does this woman live in the country?
- 5b. Must this woman live in the country?
- 6a. Does this man want to work?
- 6b. Must this man work?
- 7a. Does your daughter like parties?
- 7b. Should your daughter study (learn)?
(Ought your daughter to study (learn)?)
- 8a. Doesn't Paul play volleyball?
- 8b. Can't Paul play volleyball?
- 9a. Doesn't Sarah speak German?
- 9b. Couldn't Sarah speak German?
- 10a. Doesn't your son like his job (work)?
- 10b. Shouldn't your son work? (Oughtn't your son to work?)
- 11a. What doesn't your friend want to eat?
- 11b. Needn't your friend eat something?
- 12a. Doesn't she prefer to play the piano?
- 12b. Why couldn't she play the piano?

Ćwiczenie 3/4

- 1a. Paul doesn't play tennis. (Paul does not play tennis.)
1b. Paul can't play tennis. (Paul cannot play tennis.)
2a. Sarah doesn't know German. (Sarah does not know German.)
2b. Sarah couldn't speak German. (Sarah could not speak German.)
3a. Andrew doesn't want to be a mechanic. (Andrew does not want to be a mechanic.)
3b. Andrew couldn't be a mechanic. (Andrew could not be a mechanic.)
4a. The (This) child doesn't want toys. (The (This) child does not want toys.)
4b. The (This) child may not (mightn't/might not) want toys.
5a. This woman doesn't live in the country.
5b. This woman needn't (need not) live in the country.
6a. This man doesn't (does not) want to work.
6b. This man needn't (need not) work.
7a. Your daughter doesn't (does not) like parties.
7b. Your daughter shouldn't (should not) go to parties. (Your daughter oughtn't to (ought not to) go to parties.)
8a. Peter doesn't (does not) like to fight.
8b. Peter shouldn't (should not) fight. (Peter oughtn't to (ought not to) fight.)
9a. Your friend doesn't (does not) know this story.
9b. Your friend can't (cannot) know this story.

Ćwiczenie 4/4

zдания z czasownikami modalnymi	zдания ze zwykłymi czasownikami
1. I can drive.	2. I want to drive.
3. They could do it now.	4. They prefer to do it now.
5. You (can) may go.	6. You know where to go.
7. She might (could) sing.	8. She likes to sing.
9. I must say it.	10. We don't have to walk.
11. He should (ought to) write it.	12. They enjoy writing.
	13. I have to say it.
	14. We don't have to walk.
15. She ought to (should) talk to him.	16. She avoids talking to him.
	17. Does she have to live in a city?
	18. He has to know the answer.
19. Must she live in a city?	
20. He must know the answer.	
21. Needn't he work more?	22. Doesn't she enjoy watching films?
23. Why shouldn't he eat meat?	24. Why does he avoid eating meat?